The Measurement of Mutual Intelligibility between West-Slavic Languages

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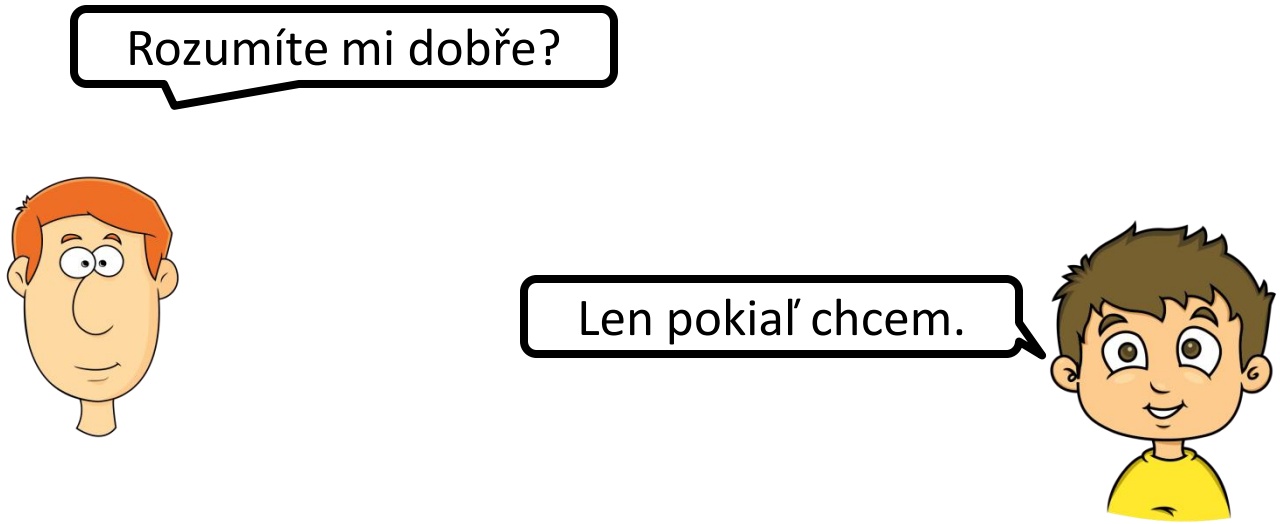
KYJÁNEK, L. & HAVIGER, J. (2018, June 11): The Measurement of Mutual Intelligibility between West-Slavic Languages. *Journal of Quantitative Linguistics*. DOI: 10.1080/09296174.2018.1464546

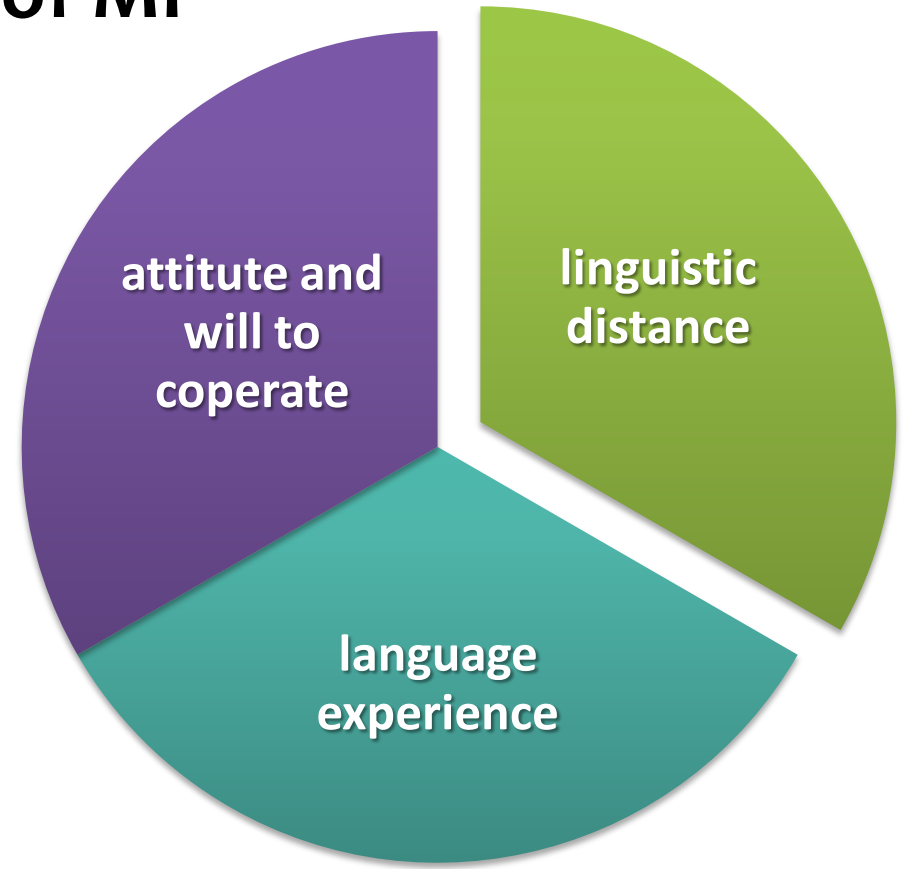
Mutual Intelligibility (MI) → Semicommunication



HAUGEN, E. (1966). Semicommunication: The Language Gap in Scandinavia.

MI languages & factors of MI

- Danish – Norwegian – Swedish
- Afrikaans – Frisian – Dutch
- Faroese – Icelandic
- Croatian – Serbian – Slovenian
- Belarusian – Russian – Ukrainian
- Italian – Spanish – Portuguese
- Turkish – Azerbaijani
- …



Research objectives

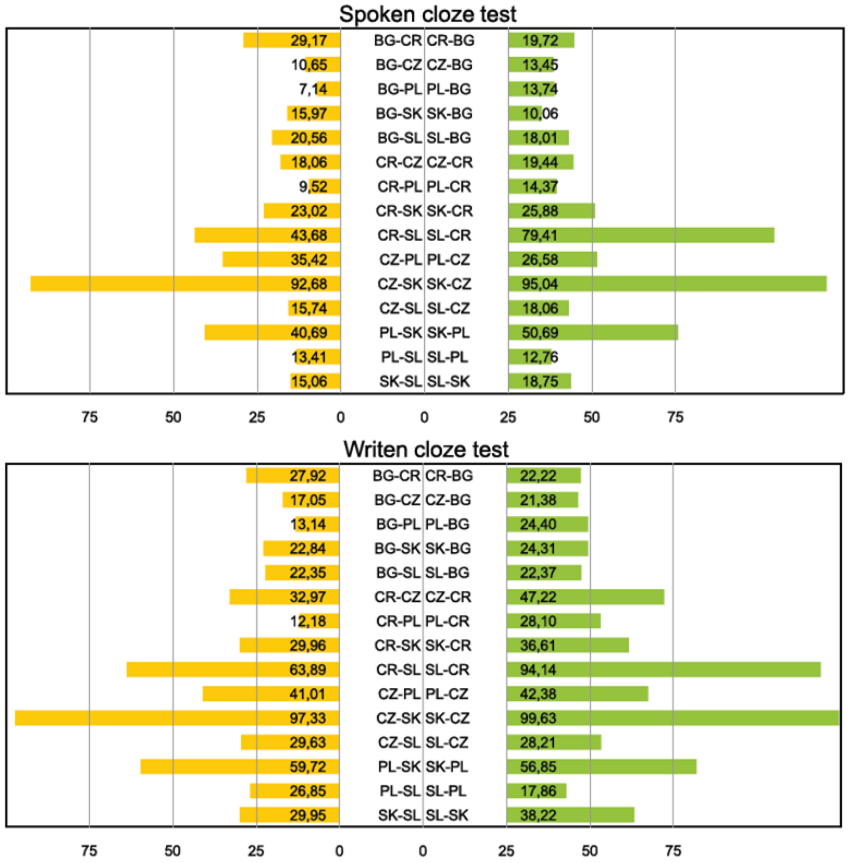
- Overall mutual intelligibility between West-Slavic languages
- Asymmetry of mutual intelligibility between West-Slavic languages
- Mutual intelligibility of content and function words
- Mutual intelligibility of various styles of material (stylistics)

- Differences between spoken and written forms of West-Slavic languages in all above mentioned areas

Related works

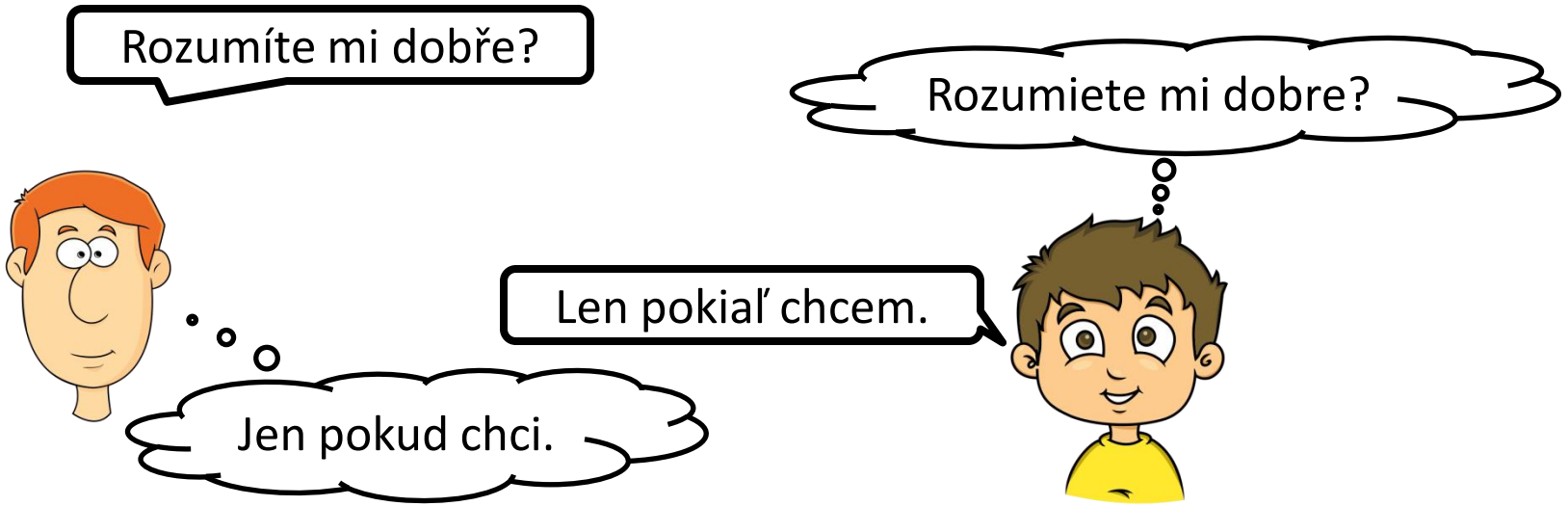
- Dialectometry:
  - (2007) MOBERG J., GOOSKENS Ch., NERBONNE J., VAILLETTE N.

- Sociolinguistics research:
  - (2016) GOLUBOVIĆ, J.
  - (2012), (2009), (2000), (1987)



Method

- Levenshtein distance & Conditional entropy
- Inspired by psycholinguistics idea about process of semicommunication



Conditional entropy (CE)

- Quantifies the amount of information needed to get the X when Y is given
- Lower entropy = better mutual intelligibility (smaller linguistic distance)
- Allows asymmetrical results (from the definition of CE)

$$H(X \mid Y) = -\sum_{x \in X, y \in Y} p(x, y) \log_2 (p(x \mid y))$$

- X … native language, x … native phoneme/grapheme
  Y … foreign language, y … foreign phoneme/grapheme

CE - example

$$H(X|Y) = -\sum_{x \in X, y \in Y} p(x,y) \log_2 (p(x|y))$$

CS	r	ɔ	z	ʊ	m	iː	t	ɛ		m	ɪ		d	ɔ	b	ɾ	ɛ
SK	r	ɔ	z	ʊ	m	i̯ɛ	t	ɛ		m	i		d	ɔ	b	r	ɛ
p(CS|SK)	.50	1	1	1	.67	1	1	.75		.67	1		1	1	1	.50	.75
p(SK|CS)	1	1	1	.50	1	1	.50	1		1	.50		1	1	1	1	1

Asymmetries: r { r, ɾ } , ɛ { ɛ, ɪ } , ʊ { i̯a, ʊ } , …

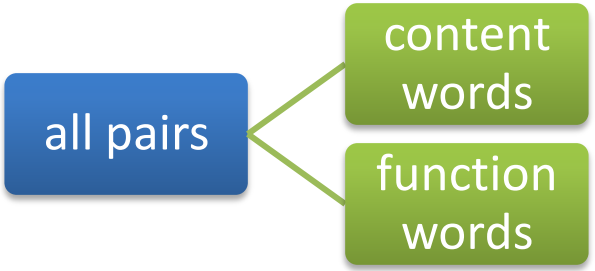
CS	j	ɛ	n		p	ɔ	k	ʊ	t		x	ʦ	ɪ	#
SK	l̯	ɛ	n		p	ɔ	k	i̯a	ʎ		x	ʦ	ɛ	m
p(CS|SK)	1	.75	1		1	1	1	1	1		1	1	.25	.33
p(SK|CS)	1	1	1		1	1	1	.50	.50		1	1	.50	1

Material

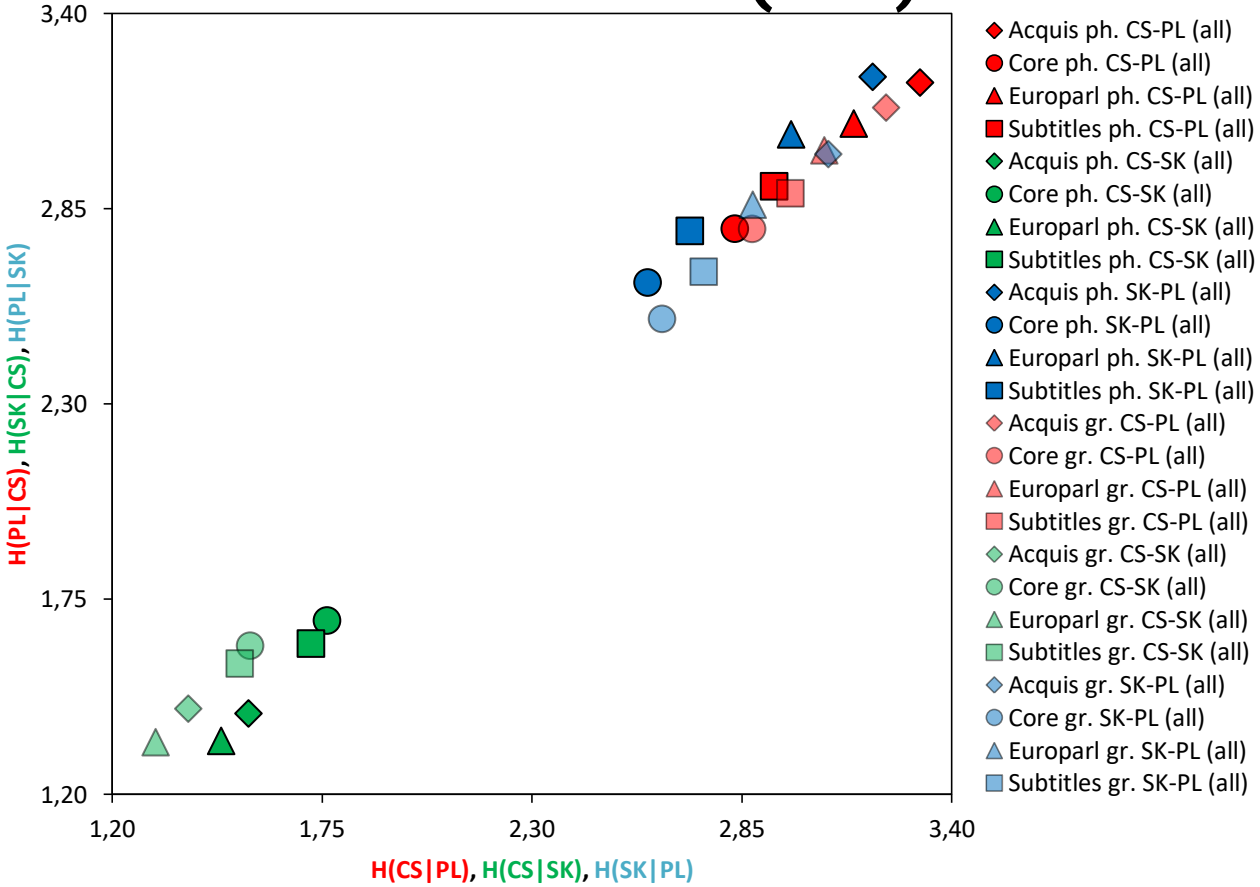
- corpora: **InterCorp v9 2016 (ČNK)**
- subcorpora: **Acquis, Europarl, Core, Subtitles**

- loaded from: **KonText v0.9.3**
- translations: **Treq v1.1**

- sample size: **2 000 most frequently used words**
- transcription: **IPA (semi-automatic)**



Results: Overal MI (all w.)



MI on phonetic layer ≈ MI on graphemic layer

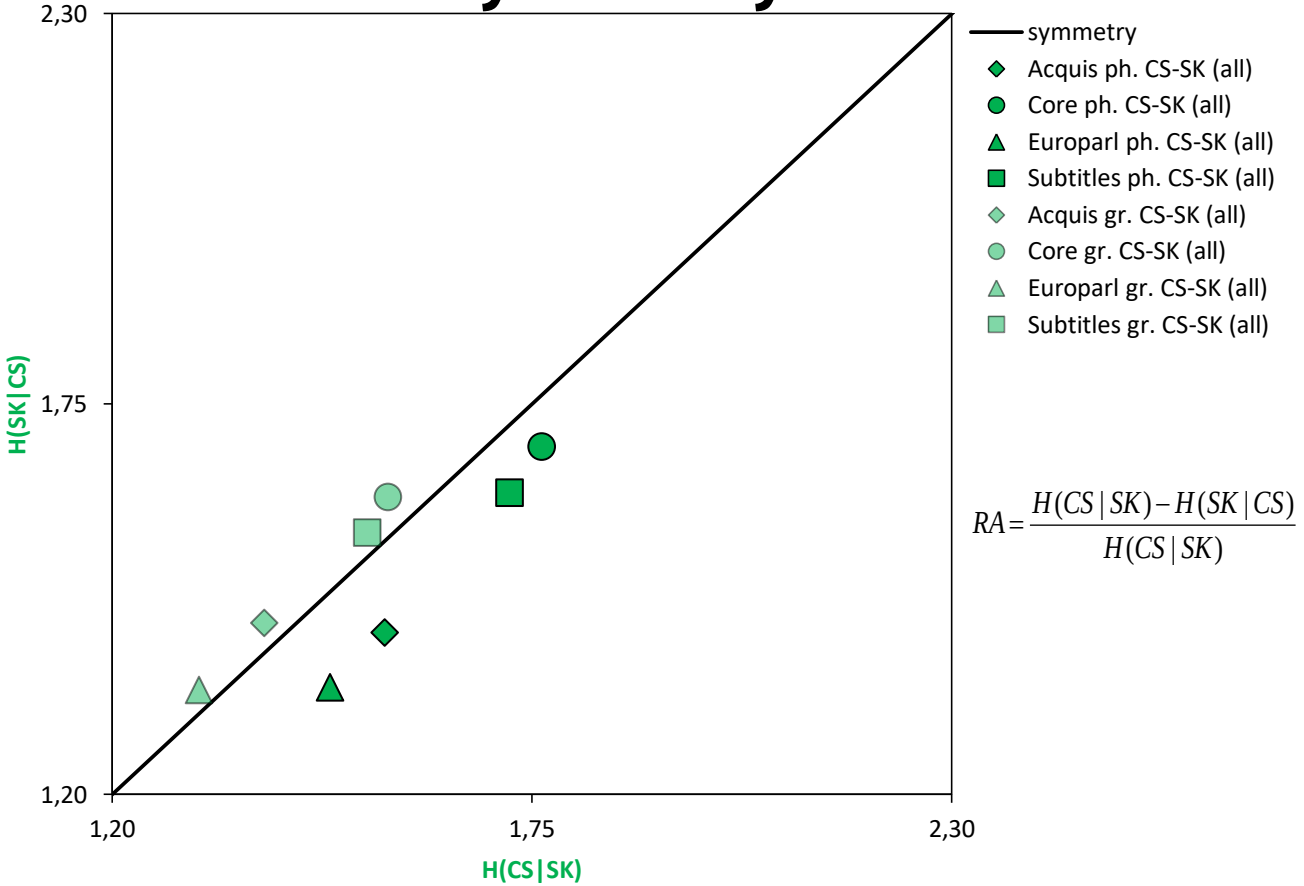
***CS-SK* < SK-PL < CS-PL**

↳ Agree with socioling. research

The most MI for:
CS-SK = Europarl, Acquis;
CS-PL = Core, Subtitles;
SK-PL = Core, Subtitles.

Subtitles ≈ middle of groups

Results: Asymmetry of MI between CS-SK (all w.)



$$RA = \frac{H(CS \mid SK) - H(SK \mid CS)}{H(CS \mid SK)}$$

Phonetic layer:

SK > CS (RA = 0,068)

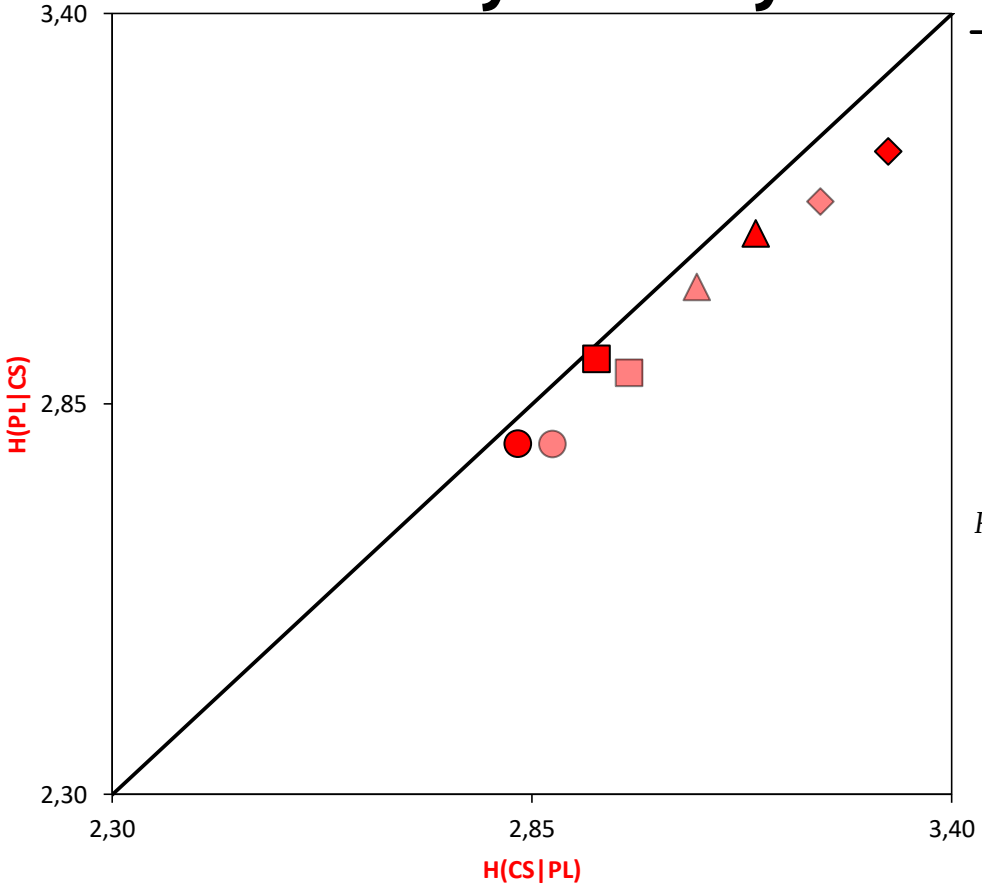
Graphemic layer:

CS > SK (RA = 0,029)

↳ Agree with socioling. research, except graph.

Same side for all subcorpora across layers

Results: Asymmetry of MI between CS-PL (all w.)



$$RA = \frac{H(CS \mid PL) - H(PL \mid CS)}{H(CS \mid PL)}$$

Phonetic layer:

PL > CS (RA = 0,017)

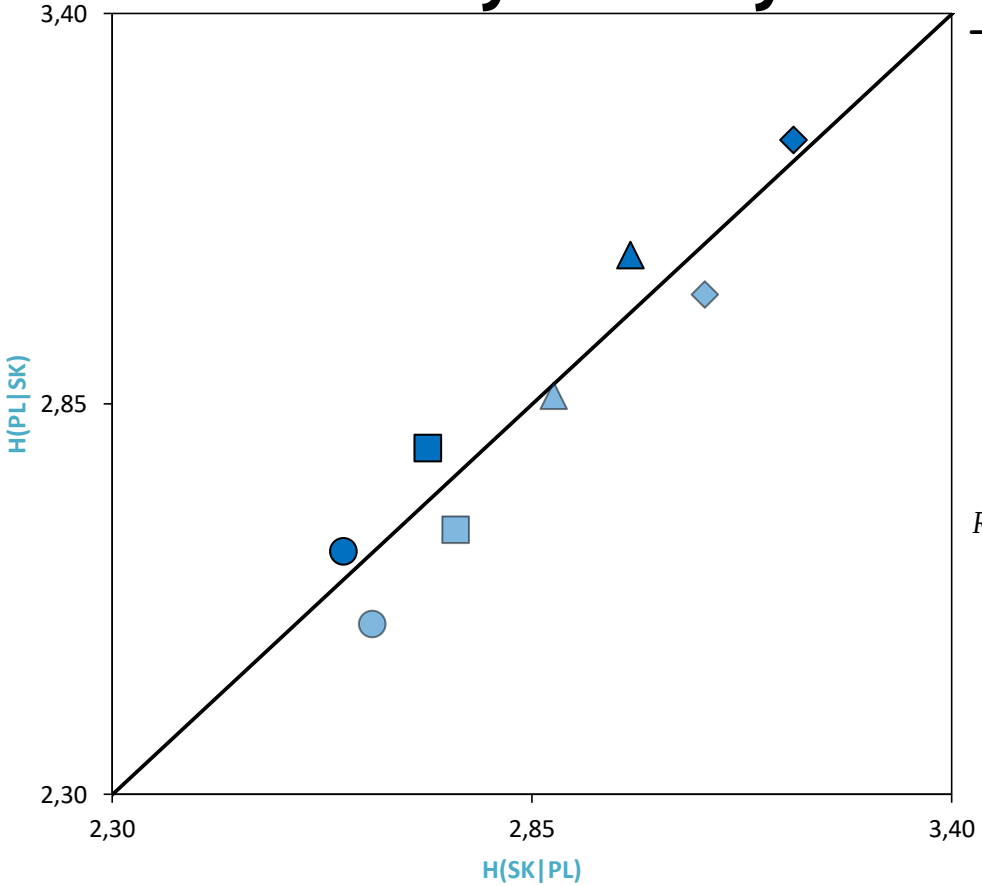
Graphemic layer:

PL > CS (RA = 0,026)

↳ Agree with socioling. research, except phon.

Same side for all subcorpora across layers

Results: Asymmetry of MI between SK-PL (all w.)



$$RA = \frac{H(PL|SK) - H(SK|PL)}{H(PL|SK)}$$

Phonetic layer:

SK > PL (RA = 0,019)

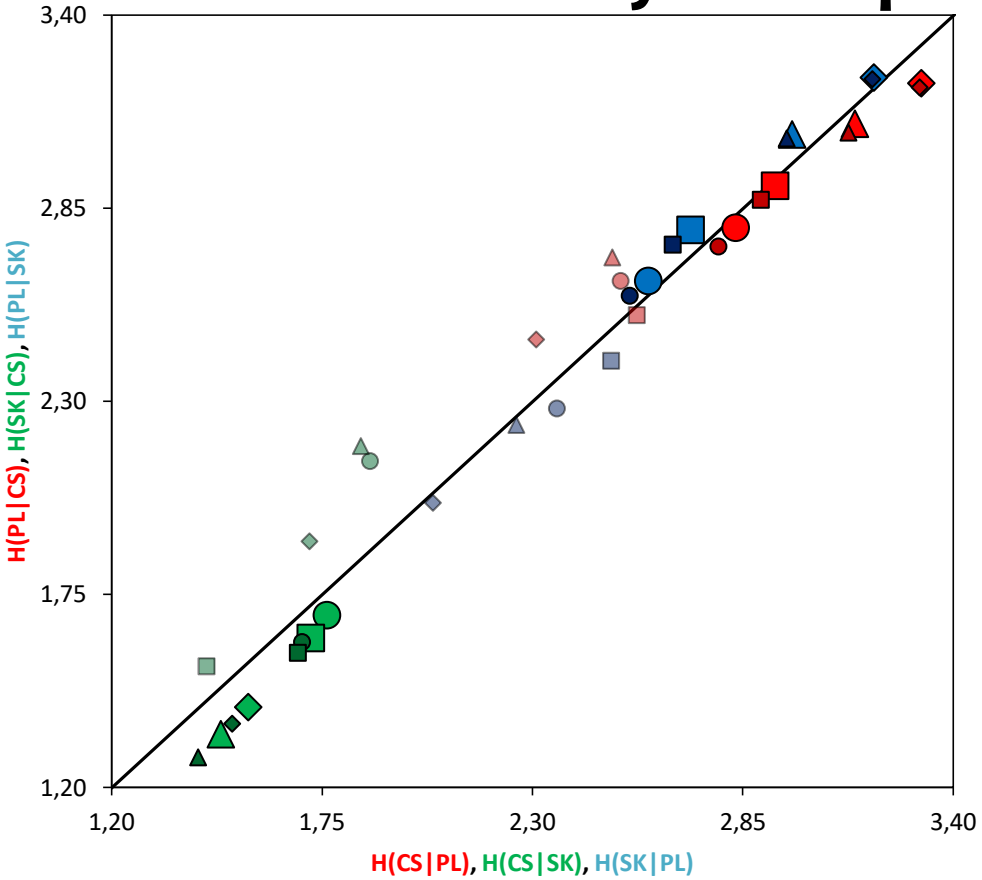
Graphemic layer:

PL > SK (RA = 0,025)

↳ Agree with socioling. research

Same side for all subcorpora across layers

Results: MI & asym. on phon. layer (all, content, function w.)



- Acquis ph. CS-PL (all)
- Europarl ph. CS-PL (all)
- Acquis ph. CS-SK (all)
- Europarl ph. CS-SK (all)
- Acquis ph. SK-PL (all)
- Europarl ph. SK-PL (all)
- Acquis ph. CS-PL (cont.)
- Europarl ph. CS-PL (cont.)
- Acquis ph. CS-SK (cont.)
- Europarl ph. CS-SK (cont.)
- Acquis ph. SK-PL (cont.)
- Europarl ph. SK-PL (cont.)
- Acquis ph. CS-PL (funct.)
- Europarl ph. CS-PL (funct.)
- Acquis ph. CS-SK (funct.)
- Europarl ph. CS-SK (funct.)
- Acquis ph. SK-PL (funct.)
- Europarl ph. SK-PL (funct.)
- Core ph. CS-PL (all)
- Subtitles ph. CS-PL (all)
- Core ph. CS-SK (all)
- Subtitles ph. CS-SK (all)
- Core ph. SK-PL (all)
- Subtitles ph. SK-PL (all)
- Core ph. CS-PL (cont.)
- Subtitles ph. CS-PL (cont.)
- Core ph. CS-SK (cont.)
- Subtitles ph. CS-SK (cont.)
- Core ph. SK-PL (cont.)
- Subtitles ph. SK-PL (cont.)
- Core ph. CS-PL (funct.)
- Subtitles ph. CS-PL (funct.)
- Core ph. CS-SK (funct.)
- Subtitles ph. CS-SK (funct.)
- Core ph. SK-PL (funct.)
- Subtitles ph. SK-PL (funct.)
- symmetry

Same trend at the graphemic layer…

Future: What could be improved?

- Data
  - Usable parallel corpora aligned word-by-word
- Levenshtein method
  - CE without aligning by Lev. distance were not so different
  - Need to add constraints or additional rules for aligning

    example: CS: x aː p ʊ # CS: x aː p # ʊ

    SK: x aː p ɛ m SK: x aː p ɛ m
- Conditional entropy
  - Statistical validation of this method (realized only for Scandinavian languages)

Thank you.

References

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